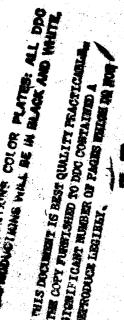


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PINE RUN DAM (PA 4811) NO No. PA 60737 Pennder No. 43-55 SCS No. PA 491

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM







DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 21203

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

Consulting Engineers 4301 Dutch Ridge Road Beaver, Pennsylvania 16009

May 1980

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. DACW31-80-C-2016 0025

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OHIO RIVER BASIN



PINE RUN DAM (PA 491) MERCER COUNTY, COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA NDI No. PA 00737 PennDER No. 43-55 SCS No. PA 491

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT PROGRAM. Pine Run Dam (NDI Num ber PA-00737 Penn DER Number 43-55, SES Number PA-491), Ohio River Basin, Pine Runs Mercer County Pennsylvania, Phase I Inspection Reports Prepared for: DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 21203

410711

Prepared by: / MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

Consulting Engineers 4301 Dutch Ridge Road Beaver, Pennsylvania 15009

(13') DAZW31-80-C-0025

(10) John A. Dziubek

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PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams," for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I Inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

PHASE I REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

Pine Run Dam (PA 491), Mercer County, Pennsylvania NDI No. PA 00737, PennDER No. 43-55, SCS No. PA 491 Pine Run

Inspected 8 and 10 December 1979

ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

Pine Run Dam is classified as a *Small* size - *Significant* hazard dam. The dam, owned by the Mercer County Commissioners, is used to reduce floodwater damages in the Little Shenango Watershed. The dam and appurtenant structure were found to be in good condition at the time of the inspection.

Hydraulic/hydrologic evaluations, performed in accordance with procedures established by the Baltimore District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, for Phase I Inspection Reports, revealed that the spillway will pass the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) without overtopping the dam. A spillway design flood (SDF) in the range of the 100-year flood to the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF) is required for Pine Run Dam. The spillway is therefore considered to be "adequate".

The visual inspection and review of information did not reveal any problems or deficiencies which require remedial action by the owners of the dam at this time.

It is recommended that the owners continue their inspections and maintenance programs to maintain the dam in good condition.

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PINE RUN DAM



Submitted by:

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

Engineering Manager-Geotechnical

Date: 8 May 1980

Approved by:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

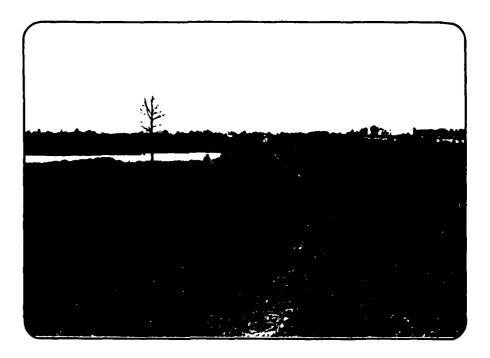
JAMES W. PECK

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

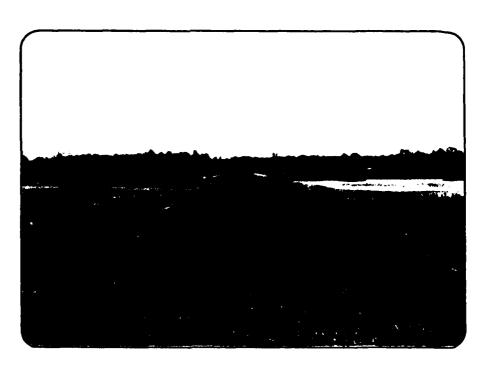
District Engineer

Date:

PINE RUN DAM



Overall View of Dam from Right End (Junction with right wing) of the Main Embankment



Overall View of Dam from Left End (Junction with emergency spillway) of the Main Embankment

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PINE RUN DAM (PA 491) NDI No. PA 00737, PennDER No. 43-55, SCS No. PA 491

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

- a. Authority The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.
- b. Purpose of Inspection The purpose of the inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

Description of Dam and Appurtenances - Pine Run Dam (PA 491) is a homogeneous earthfill embankment with a total length of 1945 feet, including the emergency spillway on the left abutment, and a maximum height of 17 feet. The crest width of the dam is 12 feet. The upstream face of the embankment has a slope of 3H:1V (Horizontal to Vertical) with a 10 foot bench located approximately 3 feet up from the bottom of the embankment (between Elevation 1272.6 feet Mean Sea Level [M.S.L.] and Elevation 1273.6 feet M.S.L.). The downstream face of the dam has a slope of 2H:1V. A cut-off trench with a minimum depth of 5 feet, side slopes of 1H:2V, and a bottom width of 12 feet was constructed under the entire embankment. A toe drain consisting of a drain trench and perforated 12 inch diameter pipe was installed along the toe of the downstream face of the embankment. This drain system extends for 1836 feet.

The principal spillway is a drop-inlet structure consisting of a two stage reinforced concrete riser connected to a 36 inch diameter reinforced concrete outlet pipe. The concrete riser has an orifice 1.0 foot high by 2.3 feet wide serving as a low-level inlet which controls the normal pool level (Elevation 1272.6 feet M.S.L.). A metal trash rack covers the entrance to this inlet. The upper intake consists of two overflow weirs with rounded downstream edges. The weirs are located

on either side of the intake tower 4.7 feet above the invert of the low level intake. The weirs are 9 feet long and there is an opening 9 feet wide by 1.5 feet high over each weir. These upper level intakes are also protected by metal trash racks.

The outlet pipe from the riser unit is 80 feet long and has two concrete anti-seep collars and a concrete cradle. The pipe exits into a concrete impact basin at the downstream toe of the embankment.

There is a 21 inch diameter reservoir drain pipe which extends 10 feet out into the reservoir from the bottom of the riser unit. The invert elevation of this drain pipe is 1268.3 feet M.S.L., 4.3 feet below the invert elevation of the low level intake. The entrance to this pipe is closed at the present time.

The emergency spillway for the dam is located at the left abutment. It consists of a grass-lined trapezoidal channel 125 feet wide with side slopes of 3H:1V. The spillway was designed as an earth cut in the left abutment of the dam. The control section in the spillway, located a short distance downstream from the crest of the dam, is at Elevation 1279.7 feet M.S.L., 7.1 feet above the invert elevation of the low level inlet. A drain system consisting of 4 inch perforated plastic tubing was installed in the left abutment of the emergency spillway.

- b. Location Pine Run Dam is located on Pine Run, approximately 2 miles southwest of Carpenters Corners and 2.5 miles south of Clarks Mills. The dam and reservoir are located in Fairview Township, Mercer County, Pennsylvania and can be found on the USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle Jackson Center, Pennsylvania. The coordinates of the dam are N 41° 25.2' and W 80° 11.4'.
- c. <u>Size Classification</u> The dam has a maximum height of 17 feet and a storage capacity of 223.5 acrefeet. The dam is therefore in the "Small" size category.
- d. Hazard Classification There are several homes and a rural road (T-691) approximately 1250 to 2000 feet downstream from the dam which would suffer economic damage if the dam were to fail. It is not considered likely that there would be loss of life from a dam failure. The dam is

therefore considered to be in the "Significant" hazard category.

- e. Ownership The dam is owned by the Mercer County Commissioners, Mercer County Courthouse, Mercer, Pennsylvania 16137.
- f. Purpose of Dam Pine Run Dam is one of several floodwater retarding dams constructed by the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) in the Little Shenango Watershed. Its purpose is to reduce floodwater damages in downstream areas of the watershed.
- g. Design and Construction History Design of Pine Run Dam was completed in 1968 by the SCS. The dam was constructed in 1970 by Kirila Contractors, Inc., of Brookfield, Ohio.
- h. Normal Operating Procedures The reservoir level is typically maintained by the low level inlet of the riser structure, Elevation 1272.6 feet M.S.L. Mercer County and SCS personnel inspect the dam each year according to the procedures for annual inspections of SCS dams of this type.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

- a. Drainage Area (square miles) 1.64¹
- b. Discharge at Dam Site (c.f.s.) -

Peak Outflow at Crest of Riser (El. 1277.3 ft.
 M.S.L.) - 23
 Crest of Emergency Spillway
 (El. 1279.7 ft. M.S.L.) - 112
 Design High Water (El. 1283.9 ft.
 M.S.L.) - 2070
 Top of Dam (El. 1286.1 ft. M.S.L.) - 4983

c. Elevation (feet above M.S.L.) -

Design Top of Dam - 1286.1 Average Top of Dam - 1286.4

The drainage area measured on the USGS quad for the watershed was 1.64 square miles. SCS design information shows a drainage area of 2.24 square miles. The SCS drainage area apparently includes a swampy area (Halfmoon Swamp) which lies to the east of the dam.

	Minimum Top of Dam - Invert of Low Level Outlet - Upper Level Outlet - Emergency Spillway Crest - Normal Pool - Maximum Design Pool -	1286.1 1272.6 1277.3 1279.7 1272.6 1283.9
đ.	Reservoir (feet) -	
	Length of Normal Pool (El. 1272.6 ft. M.S.L.) - Length of Maximum Pool (El. 1283.9 ft. M.S.L.) -	830 2840
e.	Storage (acre-feet) -	
	Top of Dam (El. 1286.1 ft. M.S.L.) -	652
	Maximum Design Pool (El. 1283.9 ft. M.S.L.) -	483
	Crest of Emergency Spillway (El. 1279.7 ft. M.S.L.) - Normal Pool (El. 1272.6 ft. M.S.L.) -	225 17.7 ²
f.	Reservoir Surface (acres) -	
	Top of Dam (El. 1286.1 ft. M.S.L.) - Maximum Design Pool (El. 1283.9 ft.	84.6
	M.S.L.) - Crest of Emergency Spillway	70.5
	(El. 1279.7 ft. M.S.L.) - Normal Pool (El. 1272.6 ft. M.S.L.) -	53.0 11.3
g.	Dam -	
	Type - Earthfill Length (feet) - Height (feet) - Crest Width (feet) - Slopes - Upstream - Downstream - Impervious Core - Cut-off - There is a cut-off trench a man of the state of the stat	1945 17 12 3H:1V 2H:1V None inimum of th of 12 feet

This storage is reserved for a 50 year accumulation of sediment and is not included in floodwater storage calculations.

- Drains A drain trench and perforated 12 inch diameter pipe was placed along the toe of the downstream face of the embankment and extends for 1836 feet.
- h. Diversion and Regulatory Tunnel None
- i. Spillway (Emergency Spillway) -

Type - Vegetated trapezoidal earth channel at the left abutment.

Length (feet) - 1260

Bottom Width (at control section, feet) - 125

Side Slopes - 3H:1V

Crest Elevation (feet M.S.L.) - 1279.7

j. Regulating Outlets - A drop-inlet structure consisting of a two stage reinforced concrete riser connected to a 36 inch diameter reinforced concrete conduit serves as the principal spillway. The low level inlet, invert Elevation 1272.6 ft. M.S.L., controls the normal pool level and consists of an orifice 1.0 foot high by 2.3 feet wide. The upper level inlet consists of an overflow weir (crest Elevation 1277.3 ft. M.S.L.). The exit invert of the outlet pipe is at Elevation 1266.4 ft. M.S.L.

A 21 inch reservoir drain pipe extends 10 feet out into the reservoir from the bottom of the riser unit. The entrance invert elevation of this drain pipe is 1268.3 ft. M.S.L. The opening to the pipe is closed at the present time.

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

Pine Run Dam was designed as a single purpose flood prevention dam. It is one of seven proposed floodwater retarding dams in the Little Shenango Watershed intended to reduce floodwater damages in the basin. It was designed to retard the 100-year frequency storm without discharge occurring in the emergency spillway.

Pine Run Dam was designed by the SCS according to its standard procedures for structures of this type. Design data reviewed for this report included the following:

- 1) SCS Drawings No. PA-491-P, "Little Shenango River Watershed, Floodwater Retarding Dam PA 491, Crawford and Mercer Counties, Pennsylvania," 18 sheets "as built", 1970.
- "Design Report, Site PA-491, Pennsylvania",
 U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation
 Service, undated (copy in file of Harrisburg
 office of SCS).

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

The construction of Pine Run Dam was performed by Kirila Contractors, Inc. of Brookfield, Ohio, in 1970. No mention of significant problems during construction is made in any of the available information.

2.3 OPERATION

The pond is typically maintained by the low level inlet of the riser structure, Elevation 1272.6 feet M.S.L. Mercer County and SCS personnel inspect the dam each year according to the procedures for annual inspections of SCS dams of this type.

2.4 EVALUATION

- a. Availability The information reviewed is readily available from the SCS office in Harrisburg, PA.
- b. Adequacy The information available is adequate for a Phase I Inspection of this dam.
- c. Validity There is no reason at the present time to question the validity of any of the available information.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

- a. General The visual inspection was performed on 8 December 1979 and 10 December 1979. Snow was falling intermittantly on 8 December 1979 but this snow had melted and clear weather was experienced at the inspection on 10 December 1979. The pool level was 0.5 foot above normal pool. The dam and appurtenances were found to be in good condition at the time of inspection. Noteworthy observations made during the visual inspection are described in the following paragraphs. The complete visual inspection check list, field sketch, top of dam profile, and typical cross-section are presented in Appendix A.
- b. Dam There is some minor tire rutting along the crest of the embankment from vehicles being driven over the dam. A gate has been installed at the right wing of the embankment to prevent vehicles from traveling on the embankment.

Some areas in which the soil was saturated were observed downstream from the toe of the dam. This saturated soil is probably the result of a naturally high groundwater table and recent snow melt, and not seepage through the embankment.

c. Appurtenant Structures - The concrete in the riser unit appeared to be in good condition. An insignificant amount of debris had accumulated at the trash rack in front of the low level inlet. The riser outlet, impact basin, and discharge channel all appeared to be in good condition.

There was some minor ponding of water in the emergency spillway. This water is probably from recent snow melt and high groundwater table. It does not represent any significant problem to the stability of the emergency spillway.

d Reservoir Area - The reservoir area and watershed are moderately sloping and consist primarily of farmland and forests. The dam was designed with a sediment storage capacity equivalent to 50 years of sediment accumulation. There was no indication that sedimentation was occurring at a faster rate than that anticipated by the SCS in the design of this dam.

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e. Downstream Channel - The slopes of the downstream channel are moderate. There is a rural road (T-691) and a few habitable structures located approximately 1250 to 2000 feet downstream from the dam.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES

The dam and appurtenances are inspected by Mercer County and SCS personnel each year according to the procedures for annual inspections of SCS dams of this type. The emergency warning procedure developed for the dam is discussed in Section 4.3.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM AND APPURTENANCES

Routine maintenance is performed periodically by Mercer County personnel. At the present time, maintenance of the dam is considered to be adequate.

4.3 DESCRIPTION OF ANY WARNING SYSTEM IN EFFECT

The Mercer County Commissioners, owners of the dam, are responsible for providing surveillance of the dam during periods of unusually heavy precipitation and initiating the procedures outlined below should an emergency arise.

a. Action by Mercer County Flood Control Observers

1) During periods of heavy precipitation amounting to 1.0 inch per hour or 1.5 inches in a 24 hour period, the County Conservation Environmental Coordinator will be contacted.

b. Action by Mercer County Environmental Coordinator

- 1) When advised by flood control observers that rainfall amounting to 1.0 inch per hour or 1.5 inches in a 24 hour period is being experienced in the watershed, the Mercer County Environmental Coordinator and/or designated representative will visit the dam site for routine surveillance.
- 2) Should the rain continue and the water level continue to rise, surveillance will be increased to every six hours.
- 3) When the water level covers the riser, surveillance will be increased to every 2 hours.
- 4) Should the water level reach 1 foot below the emergency spillway, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) will be contacted to stand by on alert.

- 5) When the water level enters the emergency spillway, the FEMA will be notified to activate plans for the evacuation of downstream residents.
- 6) When the water level enters the emergency spillway control section, the FEMA will be notified to intensify the evacuation of residents downstream.
- 7) Surveillance will be continued until the water level recedes from the emergency spillway.

4.4 EVALUATION OF OPERATIONAL ADEQUACY

The nature of Pine Run Dam and its appurtenances are such that the present operational and maintenance procedures are considered to be adequate.

SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 EVALUATION OF FEATURES

Design Data - Hydrologic and hydraulic design calculations for Pine Run Dam were obtained from the SCS design report. The dam was constructed to reduce floodwater damages. It was designed to retard a 100-year frequency storm without discharge occurring in the emergency spillway. A sediment storage volume equivalent to a 50 year accumulation of sediment has been provided.

The elevations of the design high water and top of dam were determined by routing the emergency spillway and freeboard hydrographs through the reservoir. Both hydrographs were based on a storm duration of 6 hours. A brief summary of the rainfall and hydrograph data used in the analysis is presented in the following table.

Hydrograph	6-hour Rainf	all (inches)	Run-off
	Point	Areal	(inches)
Emergency Spillway	10.25	9.53	8.56
Freeboard	20.50	19.07	15.90

The results of the flood routing analysis are as follows:

Hydrograph	Peak Inflow (c.f.s.)	Maximum Outflow (c.f.s.)	Maximum Reservoir Elevation (feet M.S.L.)
Emergency Spillway	3126	2070	1283.9
Freeboard	6056	4983	1286.1

- b. Experience Data Mercer County personnel reported that the emergency spillway has never been activated on this dam. No records of maximum pool levels are available.
- c. <u>Visual Observations</u> No conditions were observed during the visual inspection which would indicate that the dam and appurtenances could not perform satisfactorily during a flood event.
- d. Overtopping Potential Pine Run Dam is a "Small" size "Significant" hazard dam requiring evaluation for a spillway design flood (SDF) in the range of

the 100-year flood to the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF). Since the dam was designed by the SCS using an SDF developed with precipitation values close to the Probable Maximum Precipitation (Refer to Appendix D, Page 3), no further hydrologic or hydraulic analysis was performed. The SCS calculations were, however, reviewed and judged to be accurate.

e. Spillway Adequacy - The dam, as outlined above, was designed based on a freeboard hydrograph which is essentially equal to the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Therefore, the spillway is considered to be "adequate".

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

- a. <u>Visual Observations</u> No structural inadequacies were noted during the visual inspection of Pine Run Dam.
- b. Design and Construction Data The dam was designed and constructed according to standard SCS procedures for structures of this type. Although a reference is made to the soil mechanics report which would include a summary of the stability analysis for the dam, this particular report was not available in the design folder reviewed for the dam. A memorandum in the design folder dated 23 February 1967 mentions that adequate factors of safety were obtained for a 3H:1V upstream slope and 2H:1V downstream slope for the dam. These slopes are the "as built" configuration for the dam and are considered adequate.
- c. Operating Records Nothing in the readily available operating information indicates cause for concern relative to the structural stability of the dam.
- d. <u>Post-Construction Changes</u> No changes adversely affecting the structural stability of the dam have been performed.
- e. Seismic Stability The dam is located in Seismic Zone l of the "Seismic Zone Map of the Contiguous United States", Figure l, page D-30, "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams." This is a zone of minor seismic activity. Therefore, further consideration of the seismic stability is not warranted.

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

- a. Safety The dam and its appurtenant structures were found to be in good overall condition at the time of the inspections. Pine Run Dam is a "Small" size "Significant" hazard dam requiring evaluation for a SDF in the range of the 100-year flood to the 1/2 PMF. As discussed in Section 5, the dam was designed by the SCS to safely pass the PMF event without overtopping the dam. The spillway is therefore considered to be "adequate".
- b. Adequacy of Information The information available and the observations made during the field inspection are considered to be adequate for a Phase I Inspection Report.
- c. <u>Urgency</u> At the present time, there are no significant problems which require remedial action by the owners of the dam.
- d. <u>Necessity for Additional Data/Evaluation</u> No conditions were observed during the inspection of this dam which warrant additional evaluation at this time.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS/REMEDIAL MEASURES

The inspection and review of information did not reveal any problems or deficiencies which require that the owners of the dam perform any remedial measures.

The owners of the dam should continue inspection and maintenance programs to insure that the dam remains in good condition.

APPENDIX A

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECK LIST, FIELD SKETCH, TOP OF DAM PROFILE, AND TYPICAL CROSS-SECTION

Check List Visual Inspection Phase 1

And the second s

Coordinates Lat. N 41°25.2'	Long. W 80°11.4' Temperature 30° F.	Tailwater at Time of Inspection $\frac{f_{t,*}}{f_{t,*}}$ M.S.1 ion of the low level intake, EL. 1272.6 ft.
Coordinates	ı	lime of Inspecti level intake, E
State PA	Overcast, snowing Clear	Tailwater at 7
Mercer	Overca: Weather <u>Clear</u>	1273.2 ft.* M.S.L. o the invert elevat
Name of Dam Pine Run Dam County	NDI # PA 00737 PennDER # 43-55 SCS # PA 491 8 December 1979 Date of Inspection 10 December 1979	Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection $\frac{1273.2}{ft.*}$ M.S.L. Tailwater at Time of Inspection $\frac{ft.*}{ft.*}$ M.S.L. *All elevations are referenced to the invert elevation of the low level intake, EL. 1272.6 ft. M.S.L.

Inspection Personnel:

Michael Baker, Jr., Inc.:

Owner's Representatives:

8 December 1979: James G. Ulinski Wayne D. Lasch Jeff S. Maze 10 December 1979: James G. Ulinski Wayne D. Lasch Larry A. Diday James G. Ulinski Recorder

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS - Not Applicable

		REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
		ODSERVATIONS
Name of Dam: PINE RUN DAM	NDI # PA 00737	VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

LEAKAGE

STRUCTURE TO ABUTHENT/EMBANKMENT JUNCTIONS

DRAINS

WATER PASSAGES

FOUNDATION

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS - Not Applicable

Name of Dam: PINE RUN DAM		
.NDI # PA 00737		
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS		
CONCRETE SURFACES		

STRUCTURAL CRACKING

VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT

MONOLITH JOINTS

CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

EMBANKMENT

Name of Dam PINE RUN DAM

NDI # PA 00737

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

OBSERVATIONS

SURFACE CRACKS

None observed

UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE

None observed

SLOUGHING OR EROSION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT SLOPES

None were observed. There is some minor tire rutting on the crest of the dam; however, a gate has been installed at the end of the right wing of the embankment to keep vehicles off of the dam.

This is considered minor and no action is recommended.

EMBANKMENT

Name of Dam PINE RUN DAM

NDI # PA 00737

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF OBSERVATIONS

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST

No problems in the vertical and horizontal alignment of the dam were observed.

RIPRAP FAILURES

There is a section of the principal spillway outlet channel downstream from the impact basin that is riprapped. No problems were observed.

VEGETATION

The entire embankment is covered with a thick growth of grass.

EMBANKMENT

Name of Dam PINE RUN DAM NDI # PA 00737

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS OBSERVATIONS VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT, SPILLWAY AND DAM

These areas are in good condition. N problems were observed.

ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE

No seepage was observed.

STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER

None

There was some flow out of the toe drains emptying into the impact basin. The left and right drains had approximately 1 and 4 g.p.m. flowing out of them, respectively.

DRAINS

OUTLET WORKS - (Principal Spillway)

PINE RUN DAM	
Dam:	
of	
Name	

NDI # PA 00737

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS OBSERVATIONS VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT

ALLING OF None observed ES IN

INTAKE STRUCTURE

The concrete and metal surfaces of the intake unit were in good condition.

OUTLET STRUCTURE

The concrete impact basin was in good condition.

OUTLET CHANNEL

The outlet channel was clear of vegetation and debris. No problems were observed.

EMERGENCY GATE

None

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

UNGATED SPILLWAY - (Emergency Spillway)

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

PINE RUN DAM NDI # PA 00737 Name of Dam:

OBSERVATIONS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

CONCRETE WEIR

None

APPROACH CHANNEL

The emergency spillway consists of a vegetated trapezoidal earth channel at the left abutment. There was some water accumulated in the channel. This water was probably the result of recent

No other problems were observed. precipitation.

DISCHARGE CHANNEL

Some water was also in the downstream portion of the emergency spillway. No other problems were

observed.

BRIDGE AND PIERS

None

GATED SPILLWAY - Not Applicable

Name of Dam: PINE RUN DAM
NDI # PA 00737

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS OBSERVATIONS VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

CONCRETE SILL

APPROACH CHANNEL

DISCHARGE CHANNEL

BRIDGE AND PIERS

GATES AND OPERATION EQUIPMENT

INSTRUMENTATION - None

Name of Dam: PINE RUN DAM NDI # PA 00737		
VISUAL EXAMINATION	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS		
OBSERVATION WELLS		
WEIRS		
PIBZOMETERS		

OTHER

RESERVOIR

PINE RUN DAM Name of Dam:

NDI # PA 00737

OBSERVATIONS VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

SLOPES

Slopes of the reservoir and watershed are moderate. The area is primarily farmland and forests. No slope stability problems were observed.

SEDIMENTATION

The reservoir was designed with a sediment storage capacity equivalent to 50 years of sediment accumulation. There was no indication that sedimentation is occurring at a rate faster than that anticipated by the SCS in the design of this dam.

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

Name of Dam: PI

m: PINE RUN DAM

NDI # PA 00737

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF OBSERVATIONS

CONDITION

There were no obstructions or debris in the downstream channel.

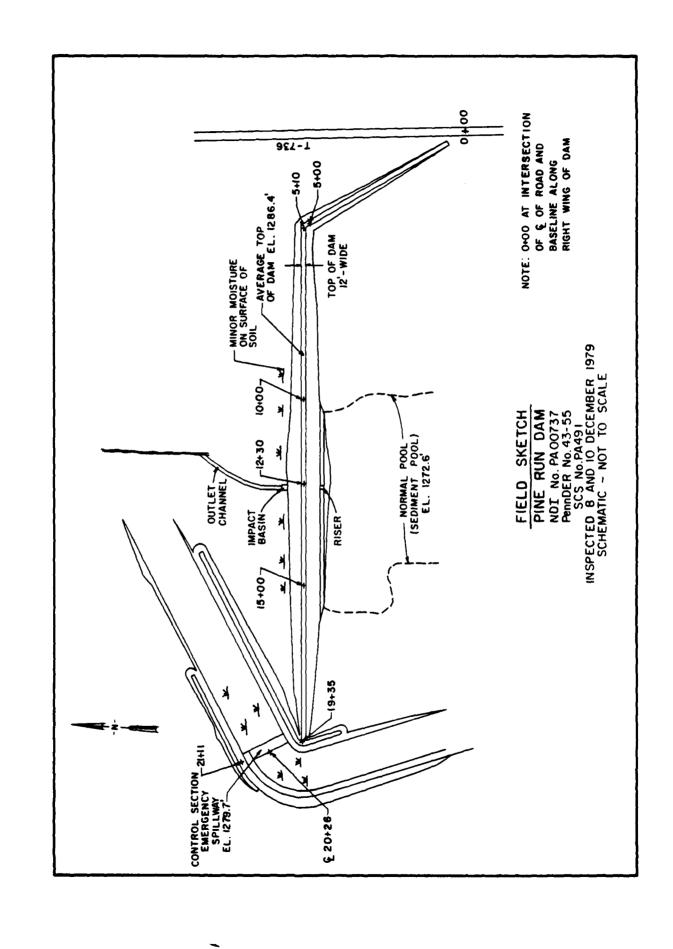
(OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)

The downstream channel has a mild to moderate slope. It passes through open fields for approximately 1500 ft.

SLOPES

APPROXIMATE NO. OF HOMES AND POPULATION

There is a road (T-691) approximately 1250 ft. downstream from the dam. A few scattered structures are located further downstream. No loss of life is expected if the dam were to fail.



MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

THE BAKER ENGINEERS

8 December 1979 Box 280

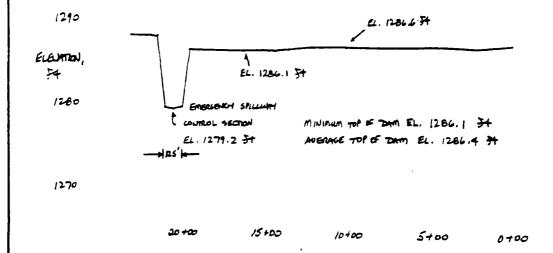
Beaver, Pa. 15009

PINE RUN DAM

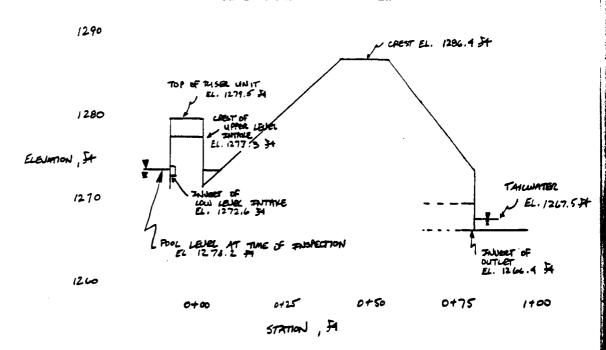
TOP OF DAM PROFILE TYPICAL CROSS-SECTION

DATES OF INSPECTION: 8 and 10 December 1979

TOP OF DAM PROFILE



CROSS - SECTION AT STATION 12+30



APPENDIX B

ENGINEERING DATA CHECK LIST

DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION ENGINEERING DATA CHECK LIST

PINE RUN DAM Name of Dam:

NDI # PA 00737

ITEM

REMARKS

PLAN OF DAM

See Plate 3

REGIONAL VICINITY MAP

The USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangles, Jackson Center and Hadley, Pennsylvania were used to prepare the regional vicinity map included as Plate 1 in this report. The dam was built in 1970 by Kirila Contractors of Brookfleld, Ohio.

TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM

CONSTRUCTION HISTORY

See Plates 5 and Appendix D

HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC DATA

Design computations from the SCS design report for Pine Run Dam were These computations are summarized in reviewed for this report. Section 5 and Appendix D.

See Plate

OUTLETS - PLAN

CONSTRAINTS - DETAILS and

See Plates 7 and 10

- DISCHARGE RATINGS

Discharge ratings were included in the SCS design report for this dam and are summarized in Appendix D.

RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS

None available

Name of Dam: PINE RUN DAM
NDI # PA 00737

REMARKS

TTEH

DESIGN REPORTS

The SCS design report for Pine Run Dam is available from the Harrisburg, Pennsylvania SCS office.

GEOLOGY REPORTS

See Appendix F; this information is also available in the SCS design report for Pine Run Dam.

DESIGN COMPUTATIONS HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES

These analyses are all contained in the SCS design report for Pine Run Dam.

MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD

The results of foundation and borrow excavation tests are contained in the SCS design report for Pine Run Dam.

FOST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM

None

BORROW SOURCES

The majority of the borrow material used for construction of the embankment was taken from near the right abutment of the dam. Further specifications of the material are contained in the SCS design report.

PINE RUN DAM Name of Dam:

NDI # PA 00737

ITEM

REMARKS

MONITORING SYSTEMS

None

MODIFICATIONS

None

HIGH POOL RECORDS

The reservoir level has never reached the elevation of the emergency spillway crest.

None

POST-CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS

PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS

None

MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS

No extensive records are kept. Routine maintenance is performed by Mercer County personnel. The dam is visited 4 to 5 times during the summer months. It is annually inspected by Mercer The dam is also checked after heavy during the summer months. County and SCS personnel. rainfails.

PINE RUN DAM Name of Dam: NDI # PA 00737

SPILLWAY PLAN,

ITEM

SECTIONS, and DETAILS

See Plates 6, 7, and 10

OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS & DETAILS

There is no operating equipment.

CHECK LIST HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC DATA ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE :	AREA CHARACTERISTICS: 1.64 sq.mi. (Primarily farmland and
	forests)
ELEVATION	TOP NORMAL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 1272.6 ft. M.S.L. (17.7 acft.; sediment storage capacity)
ELEVATION	TOP FLOOD CONTROL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 1279.7 ft. M.S.L.
	(225 acft.)
ELEVATION	MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL: 1283.9 ft. M.S.L. (483 acft.)
ELEVATION	TOP DAM: 1286.1 ft. M.S.L.
SPILLWAY:	Emergency Spillway
a. b. c.	Crest Elevation 1279.7 ft. M.S.L. Type Trapezoidal vegetated earth channel Width of Crest Parallel to Flow 125 ft.
đ.	Length of Crest Perpendicular to Flow 1260 ft.
e. f.	Location Spillover Left abutment Number and Type of Gates None
OUTLET WO	RKS: Principal Spillway
a. b. c.	Type Two stage drop-inlet riser connected to a 36 in. Location Center of embankment concrete outlet pipe Entrance Inverts Low level intake El. 1272.6 ft. M.S.L.;
d.	Exit Inverts 1266.4 ft. M.S.L. upper level intake El. 1277.3 ft. M.S.L.
e.	Emergency Drawdown Facilities 21 in. dia. drawdown pipe extending into reservoir
HYDROMETE	OROLOGICAL GAGES: None from riser structure
a.	Type
b.	Type
c.	Records
MAXIMUM N	NON-DAMAGING DISCHARGE None of record

APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPH LOCATION PLAN AND PHOTOGRAPHS

DETAILED PHOTOGRAPH DESCRIPTION

Overall View of Dam

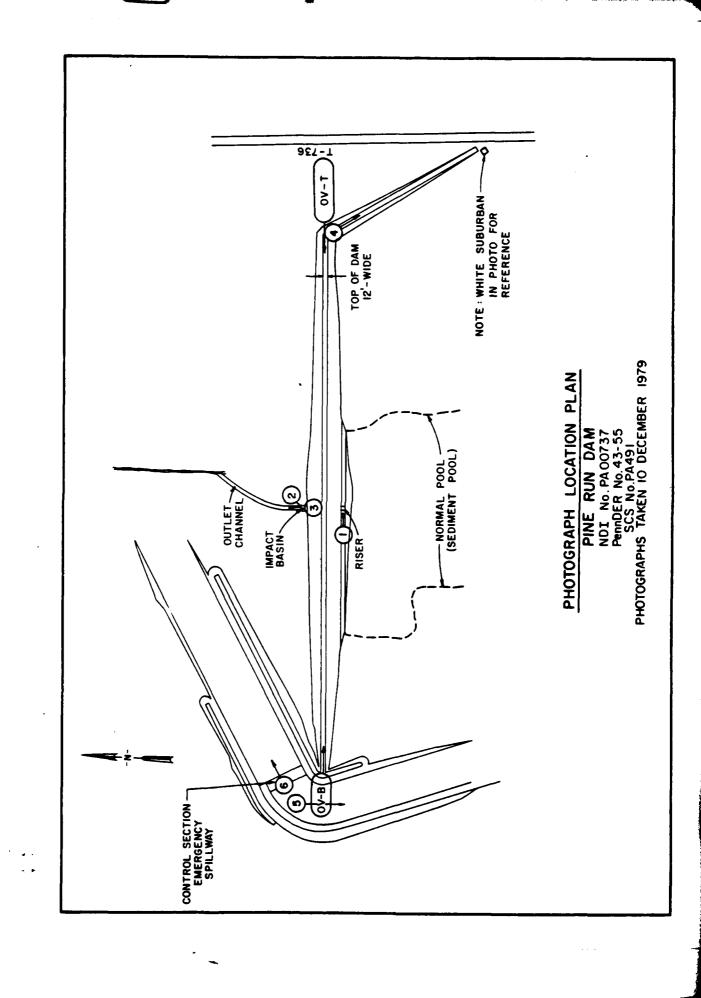
Top Photo - Overall View of Dam from Right End (Junction with right wing) of the Main Embankment

Bottom Photo - Overall View of Dam from Left End (Junction with emergency spillway) of the Main Embankment

Photograph Location Plan

- Photo 1 View of the Principal Spillway Intake Structure
- Photo 2 View of the Principal Spillway Outlet Structure
- Photo 3 View of the Outlet Channel of the Principal Spillway
- Photo 4 View of the Right Wing of the Embankment from the Junction with the Main Embankment
- Photo 5 View from the Control Section of the Emergency Spillway Looking Upstream
- Photo 6 View from the Control Section of the Emergency Spillway Looking Downstream

Note: Photographs were taken on 10 December 1979.



PINE RUN DAM

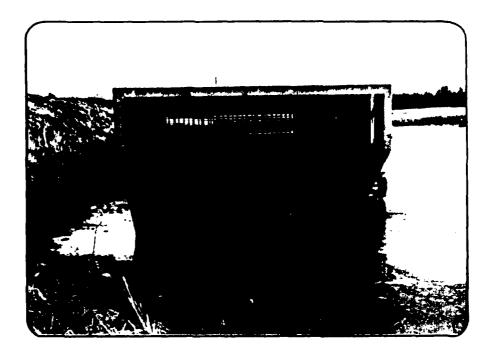


PHOTO 1. View of the Principal Spillway Intake Structure



PHOTO 2. View of the Principal Spillway Outlet Structure

PINE RUN DAM



PHOTO 3. View of the Outlet Channel of the Principal Spillway



PHOTO 4. View of the Right Wing of the Embankment from the Junction with the Main Embankment

PINE RUN DAM

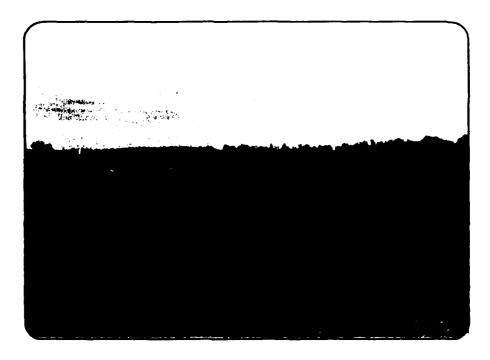


PHOTO 5. View from the Central Section of the Emergency Spillway Looking Upstream



PHOTO 6. View from the Control Section of the Emergency Spillway

Looking Downstream

APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

M	ICHA	EL BAI	KER,	JR.,	INC
	THE	BAKER	ENG	INEE	RS

Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009

Subject PINE RUN	S.O. No	
APPENDIX D-	HYDROLDGIC AND	Sheet No of
		Drawing No
Computed by		_

subject	PAGE
HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAUUC DATA BASE	1
PEMARKS	2
HYDROLOGIC DATA	3
STAGE NS. STORAGE, AREA DATA	4
STAGE VS. DISCHARGE DATA	4
TOP OF DAM PROFILE AND TYPICAL CROSS - SECTION	5
DRAINAGE BASIN MAP	6

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS DATA BASE

NAME OF DAM: PINE RUN DAM						
PROBABLE MAXIMUM PRECIPITATION	(PMP) = 23.4	_ INCHES/24 HOURS (1)				
STATION	1	2	3	4	5	
Station Description	PINE RUN DAM					
Drainage Area (square miles)	1.64			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Cumulative Drainage Area (square miles)	1.64					
Adjustment of PMF for Drainage Area (%) (2)	Zone 2					
6 Hours	117					
12 Hours 24 Hours	127 141					
48 Hours 72 Hours	151					
Snyder Hydrograph Parameters						
Zone (3)	27	(SCS paramete	ers shown on sheet	: 3)		
c _p /c _t (")	0.40/2.7					
L (miles) (5)	1.98					
L _{ca} (miles) (5)	0.59					
$t^L = C^C (\Gamma \cdot \Gamma^{Ca})_{0.3}$ (hours)	2.83					
Spillway Data Crest Length (ft) Freeboard (ft) Discharge Coefficient Exponent	(Spillway rating curve shown on sheet 4)					
(1) Hydrometeorological Report	33 (Figure 1), U.:	S. Army, Corps of En	ngineers, 1956.			
(2) Hydrometeorological Report						

 $^{^{(3)}}$ Hydrological zone defined by Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, for determining Snyder's Coefficients $^{(C_p)}$ and $^{(C_p)}$.

⁽h) Snyder's Coefficients.

 $^{^{(5)}}L$ = Length of longest water course from outlet to basin divide. L_{ca} = Length of water course from outlet to point opposite the centroid of drainage area.

N	IICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.	Subject PINE RUN DAM	\$.O. No
İ	THE BAKER ENGINEERS		Sheet No. 2 of 6
	Box 280		Drawing No
	Beaver, Pa. 15009	Computed by Checked by	Date 3-10-80

PINE TRUN DAM WAS DESIGNED BY THE SCS
THE DESIGN FLOOD WAS BASED ON RATNEAUL
ESSENTIALLY EQUAL TO THE PROBABLE MAXIMUM
PRECIPITATION, THEREFORE, THE DAM SHOULD BE
CAPABLE OF PASSING THE PROBABLE MAXIMUM
FLOOD (PMF) WITHOUT OVERTOPING. IN VIEW OF
THE ABOVE, NO ADDITIONAL HYDROLOGIC OR
HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS WERE PERFORMED FOR
THIS REPORT. THE SCS CALCULATIONS WERE TREVIEWED
AND ARE SHIMMARIZED IN THIS AFFENDIX.

IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT THE SCS CALCULATIONS

ARE BASED UPON A DRAINAGE AREA OF 2.24 SQUARE

MILES. IT APPEARS THAT A SWAMPY AREA TO

THE EAST OF THE DAM, HALFMOON SWAMP, WAS TNULLDED

IN THE WATERSHED BEHIND THE DAM. THIS AREA DOES NOT DIRECTLY

DRAIN INTO THE PINE TRUN WATERSHED, MAILING
THE ACTUAL DRAINAGE AREA ONLY 1.64 SOURCE MILES.
HOWEVER, THIS PROBLEM DOES NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC CALCULATIONS PREPARED BY
THE SCS. PATHER, IT MAKES THESE CALCULATIONS
EVEN MORE CONSERVATIVE.

PINE RUN DAM SHOULD THEREFORE PASS THE SDF SELECTED FOR THIS REPORT WITHOUT OVERTOPPING THE DAM.

Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009

DEAINAUE AREA = 2.24 50. MI.

TIME OF CONCENTRATION = 2.57 HOURS

STORM DURATION = 6.0 HOURS

RUNDER CURVE NUMBERS :

DESIGN HYDROGRAPH (AMCII) W = 92

FREEBOARD HYDROGRAPH (AMCII) W = 77

10rograph	ZAINGALL (IN)		PUNOFF	PEAK FLOW
	POINT	AREAL	(I N)	(cfs)
DECENT MUNICH	10.25	9.53	8.56	4810
EBOARD	20.50	19.07	15,90	9315
EBOARD	20.50	19.07	/5, 90	93/5

THE ABOUE FURDEMATION IS FROM THE SCS DESIGN TREPORT FOR PINE ZUN ZAM (FA 491)

100 - YEAR PAINFALL VALUES: (FROM TP - 40) (FOR COMPARISON WITH VALUES USED THE SESSION)

30 MIN. PAINFALL : 1.9 TW.

I HOUR RAWFALL : 2.4 IN.

2 HOUR RAINFALL: 2.9 IN.

3 HOUR RAINFALL: 3.3 IN.

6 HOUR PAINFALL! 3.7 IN.

12 HOUR RAINDALL: 4.6 IN.

24 HOVE RAINFARL: 4.9 20

PMF 6 HOUR RAINFALL = 27.4 THICKES (FROM HMR-33)

THE BAKER ENGINEERS

Subject PINE RUN DAM S.O. No. 5745E VS STORKE AREA DATA Shoot No. 4 of 6 STAGE US DISCHARGE DATA Drawing No. Computed by UDL Checked by Date 3-10-80

Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009

> THE FOLLOWING DATA IS FROM THE SCS DESIM REFORT FOR PINE RUN ZAM :

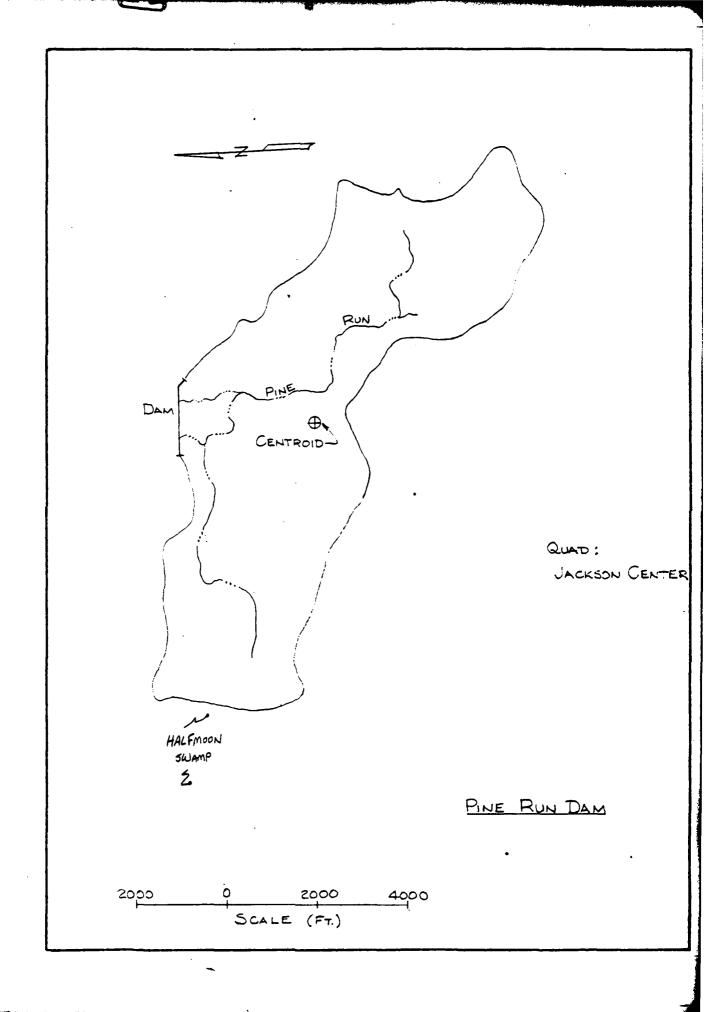
STAVE (\$+)	STORAGE (Ac - F4)	ATEA (AC.)
1269.0	0	0
1270.0	0.8	1.5
1275.0	£7,8	21.3
1280.0	224.6	45.4
1285.0	513.4	70.1
1290.0	918.6	92.0

STALE	DISCHARLE			
(F4)	outlet (cfs)	SPILLWAY (CFS)	TOTAL * (++3)	REMARKS
1273.1	-	-	0	
1274.1	11.2	_	11.2	threet of 10W LANGE THREET
1275.1	15.8	_	15.8	AT EL. 1272.6 34
1276.1	19.4	-	19.4	
1277.3	23.0	-	23.0	
1278.3	81.4	-	81.4	UPPER LEGEL TALLET CREST
1279.7	112	-	112	AT EL. 1277-3 5+
1282.1	124	634	758	EMPLICATION SALLING CLEST
1283.1	129	1279	1406	AT EL. 1271, 5 3T
1283.8	132	1932	2064	
1284.4	135	2593	.2726	
1285.5	139	3533	4072	
1286.4	143	5295	543B	
1287.2	146	6680	6826	TO OF THAM AT 1206.1 FT
1287.9	149	9082	8231	

* TAKLUDES A SUBTRACTION FOR BYSE FLOW

Subject PINE TRUNDAM MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. THE BAKER ENGINEERS TOP OF DAM FROGLE AND TYPICAL CROSS - SECTION _ Drawing No. . Box 280 Computed by WDL Checked by WLS Date 12-8-79 Beaver, Pa. 15009 TOP OF DAM PROFILE 1290 EL. 12866 FT ELECTION. EL. 1286.1 5t F4 1280 EMERICAN SPILLING COURTEL SECTION MINIMUM TOP OF THAM EL. 1286.1 34 AVERAGE TOP OF DAM EL. 1286,4 34 EL 1279.2 St -+|125'|4---1270 15+00 20+00 10+00 5+00 0+00 CROSS - SECTION AT STATION 12+30 1290 CREST EL. 1286.4 ST TOP OF PUSER UNIT 1280 ELEVATION, ST TAILWATER THINKE OF THINKE EL. 1272.6 34 1270 1 EL. 1267.5# LEVEL AT TIME of ANDRESTION OUTLET EL. 1266.4 74 1260 0125 0+50 0+75 1100 0+00

STATION, FA



APPENDIX E

PLATES

CONTENTS

Plate 1 - Location Plan

Plate 2 - Watershed Map

Plate 3 - Plan of Structural Works

Plate 4 - Plan of Structural Works

Plate 5 - Fill Placement

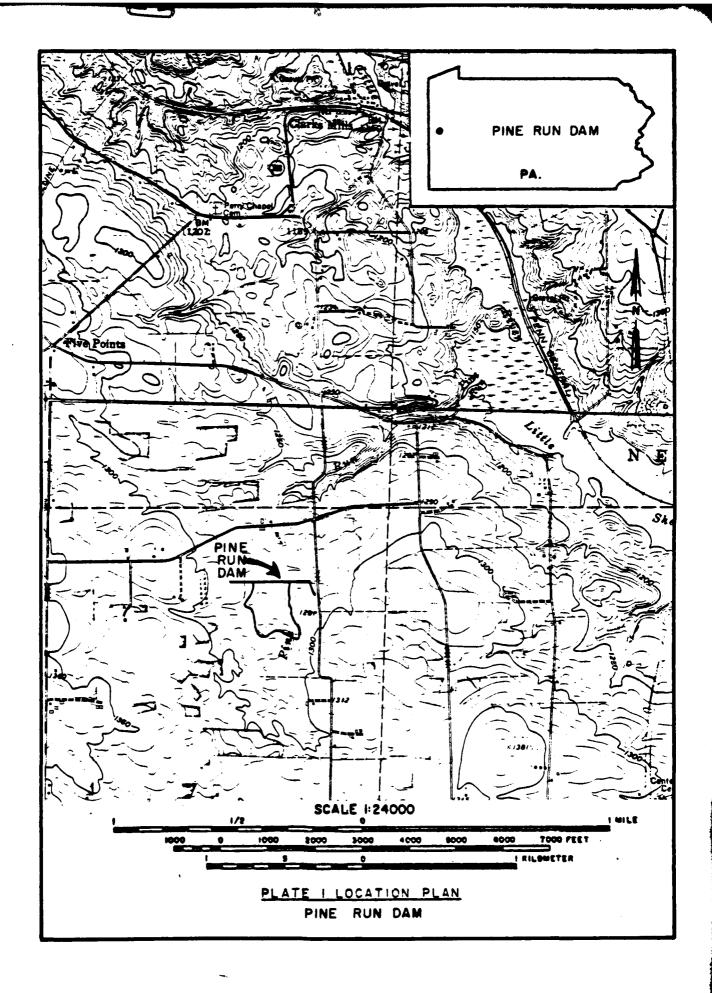
Plate 6 - Spillway Excavation

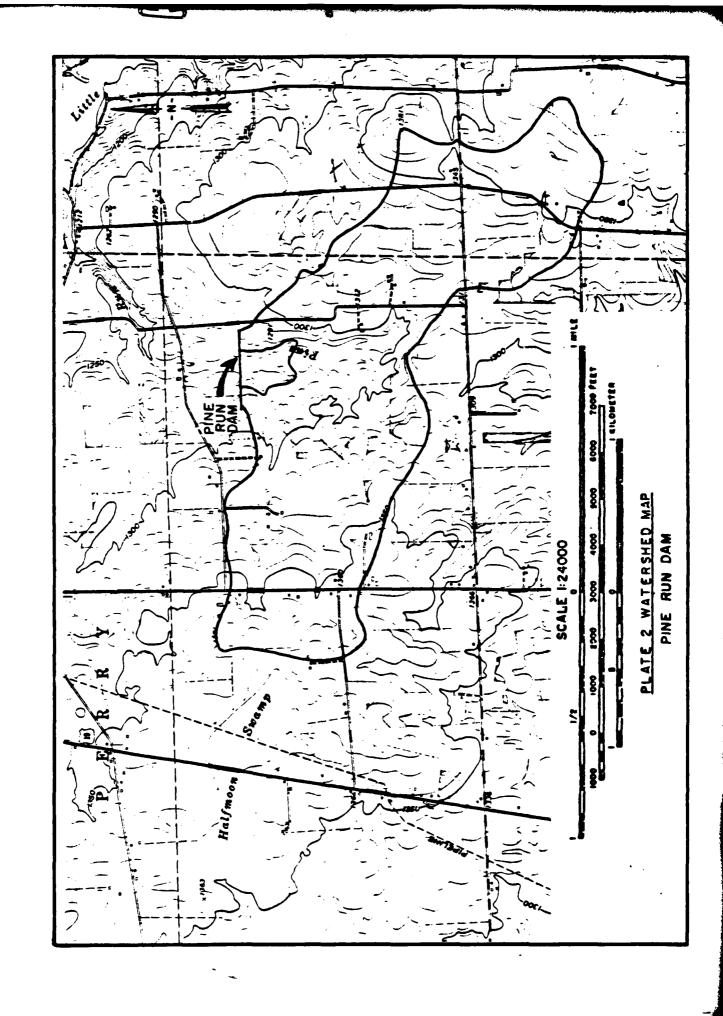
Plate 7 - Principal Spillway

Plate 8 - Off Trench Details

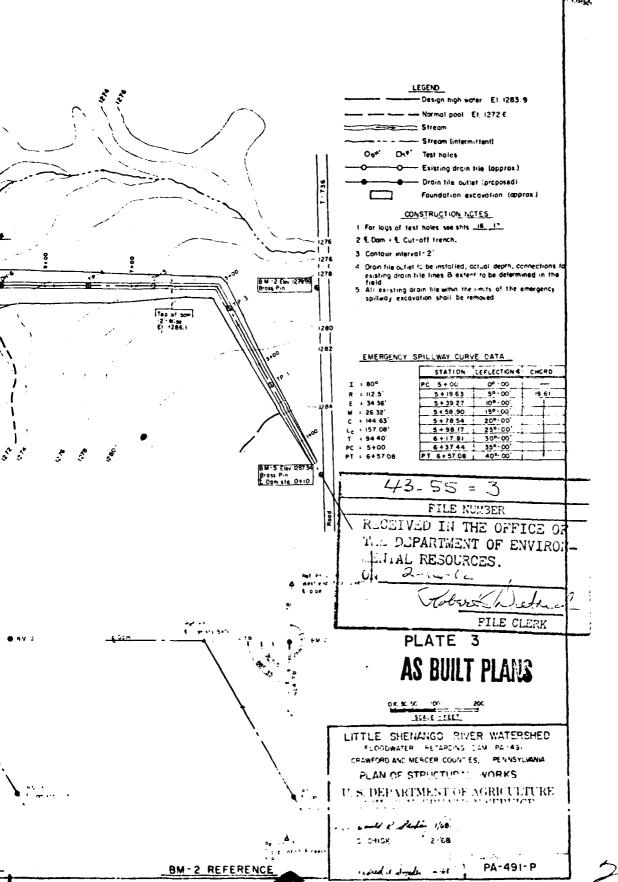
Plate 9 - Drainage Details

Plate 10 - Impact Basin Details



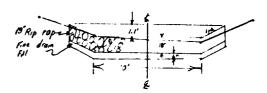


8 4 3 Ewr (659 68 8 ess Pin Eists -1 (2m s'a 2m2) 1268 286 ŞQ. £ Dam Layout STATION 5+00 Referent

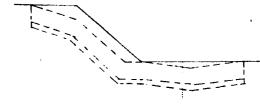


Rip - Rap Chute

Section A-A



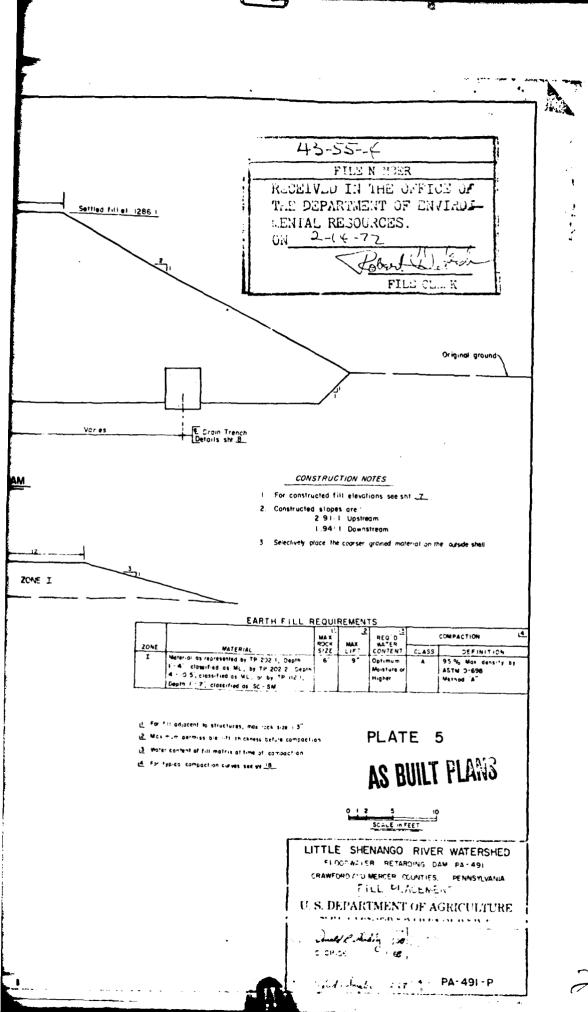
Saction & Rip - Rap Chute

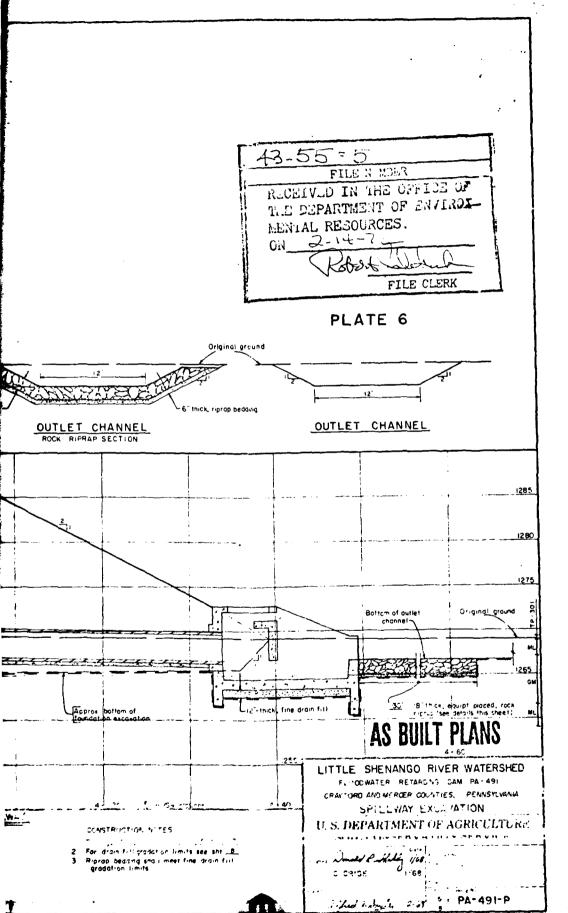


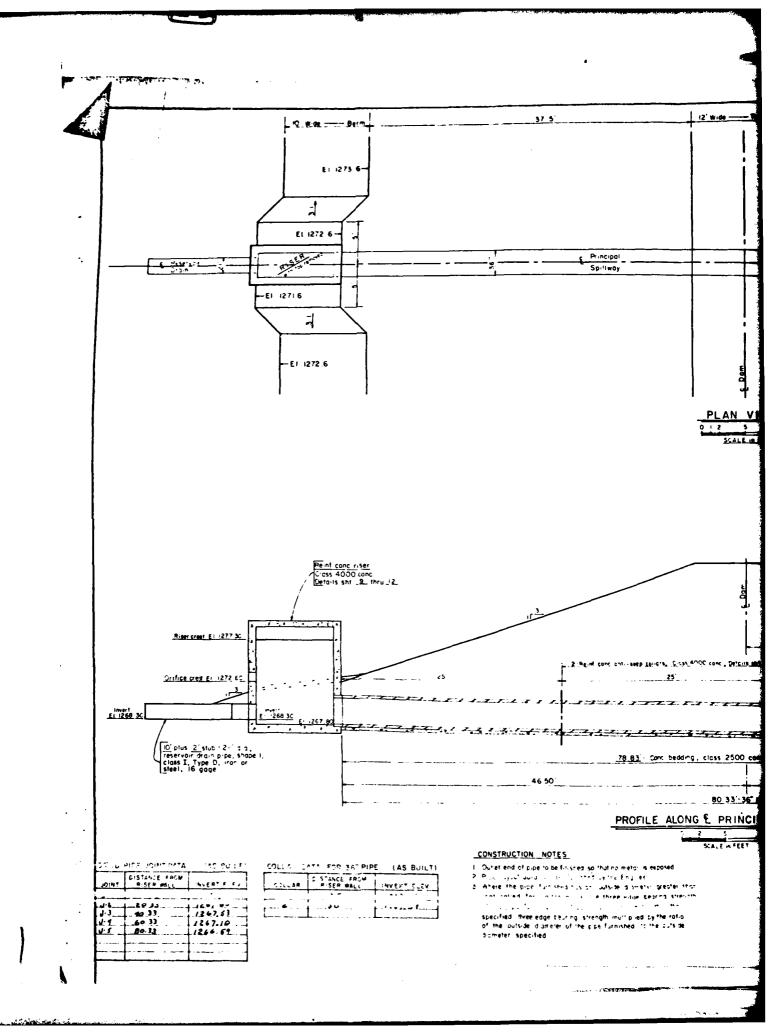
.Guantities

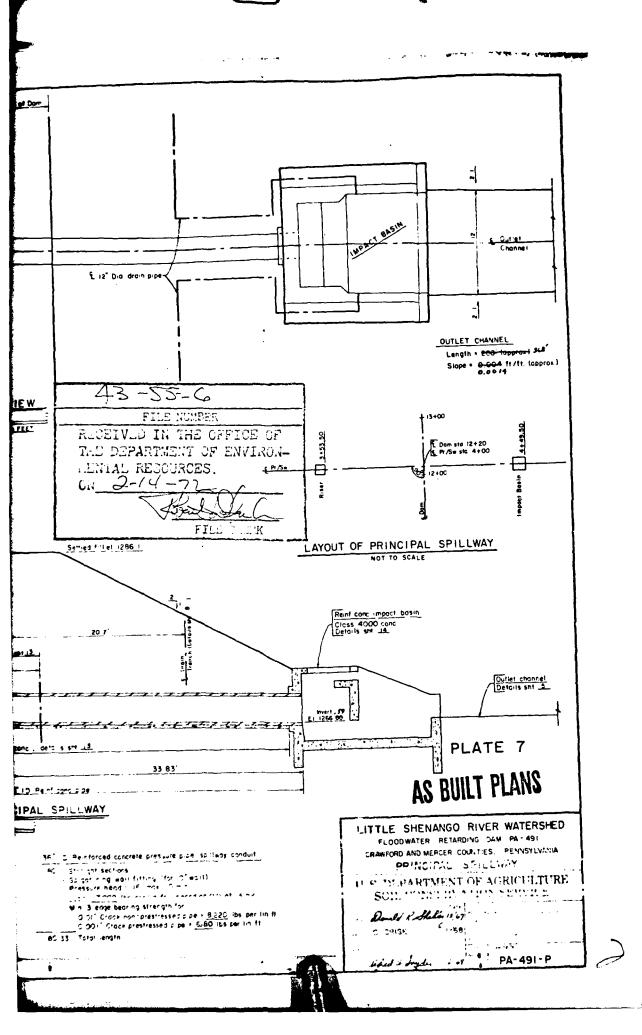
43-55-34 FILE Nº 13ER RECEIVED IN THE OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRON-KENTAL RESOURCES.
ON 2-14-72 FILE CLERK Rip-Rep Chate Approximate Sta 9150 E.S. Wilst Choose Ty Es Coty . 700 E.S 800° 21 PLATE 4 Riprag - 40 6.4 } 53 c.y to be poid Mac Filter - 13 C.y S os riprop AS BUILT PLANS Excavation - 168 c.y. Little Snenange " City ! end Remoid na im Ph 40 Morcor Count 1900 34 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE S. E. YENGA 36. 1A-491-0

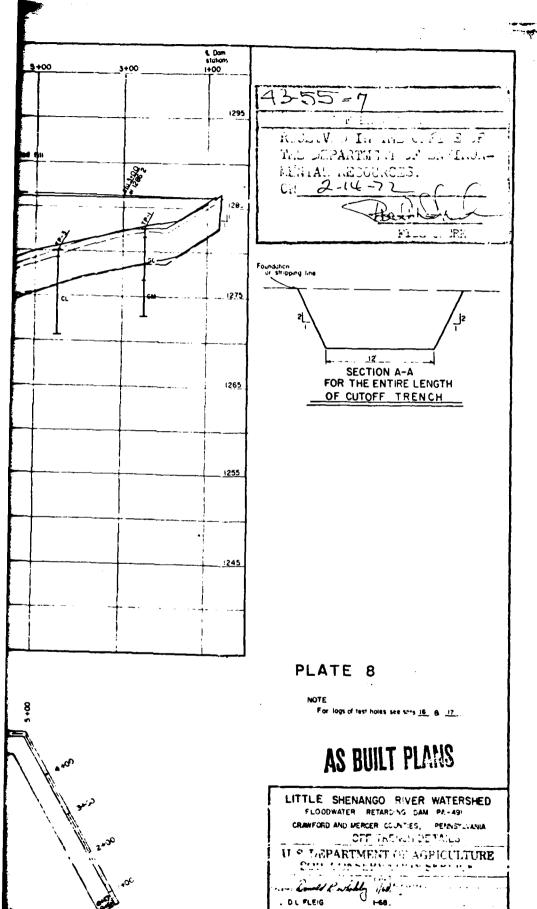
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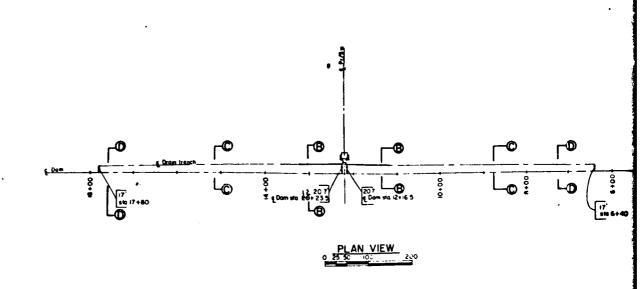




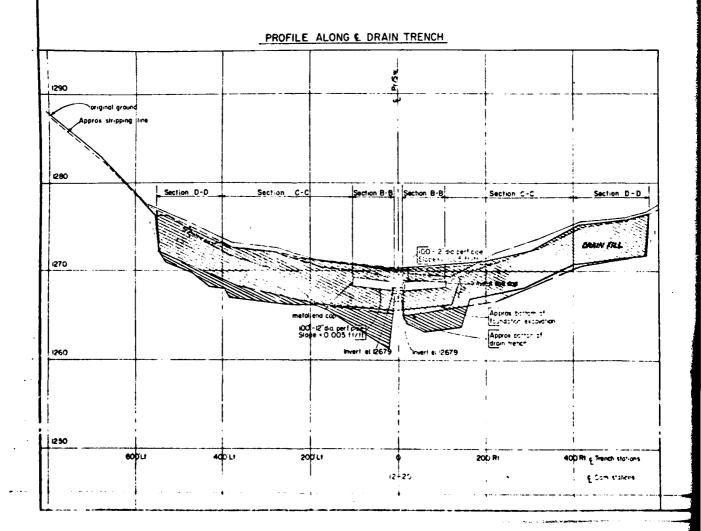


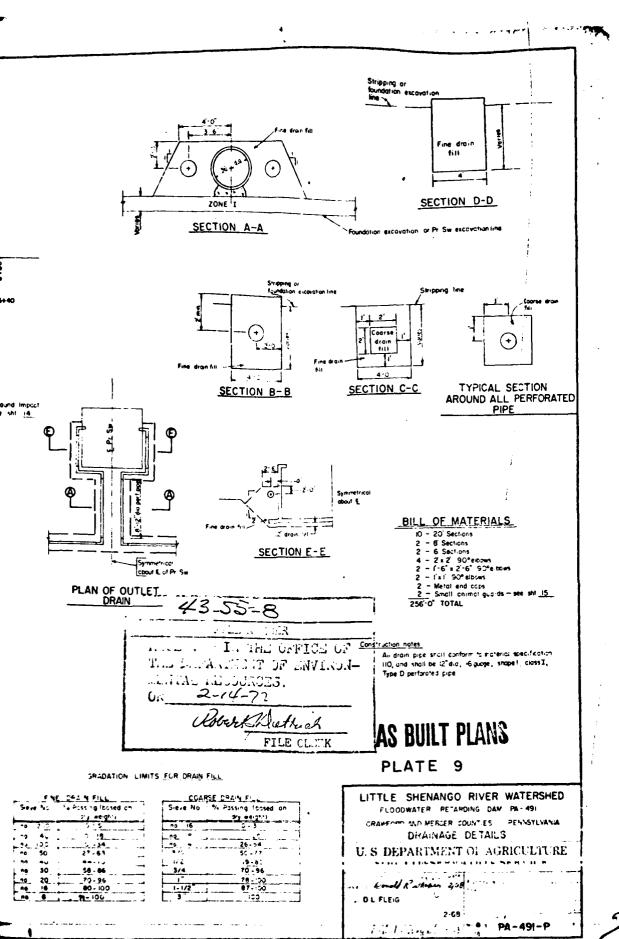
Apped & August 2. 49 7 PA-491-P

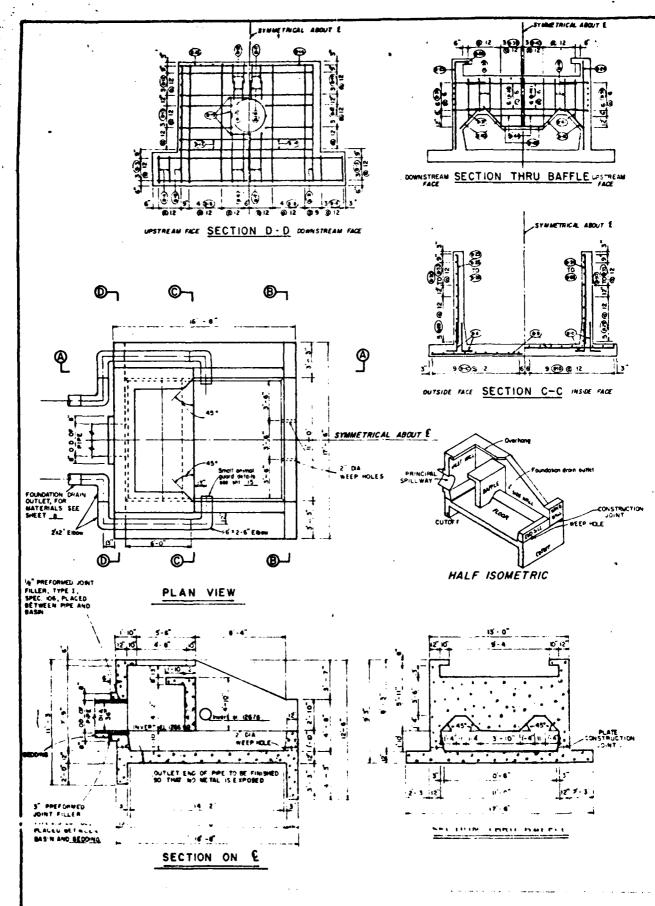




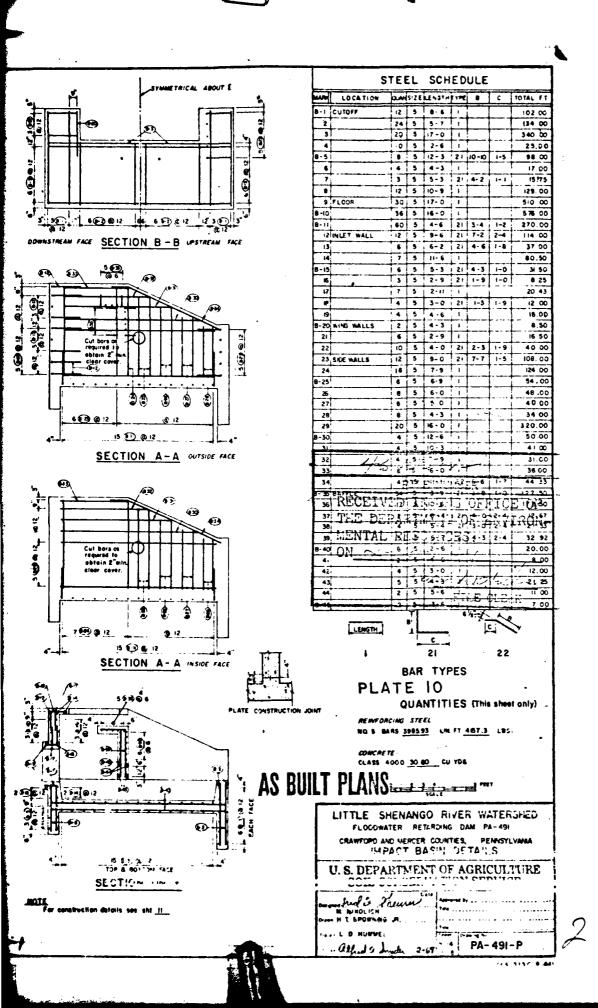
For drain pipe prou**nd :** Basin see s**he**







J



APPENDIX F

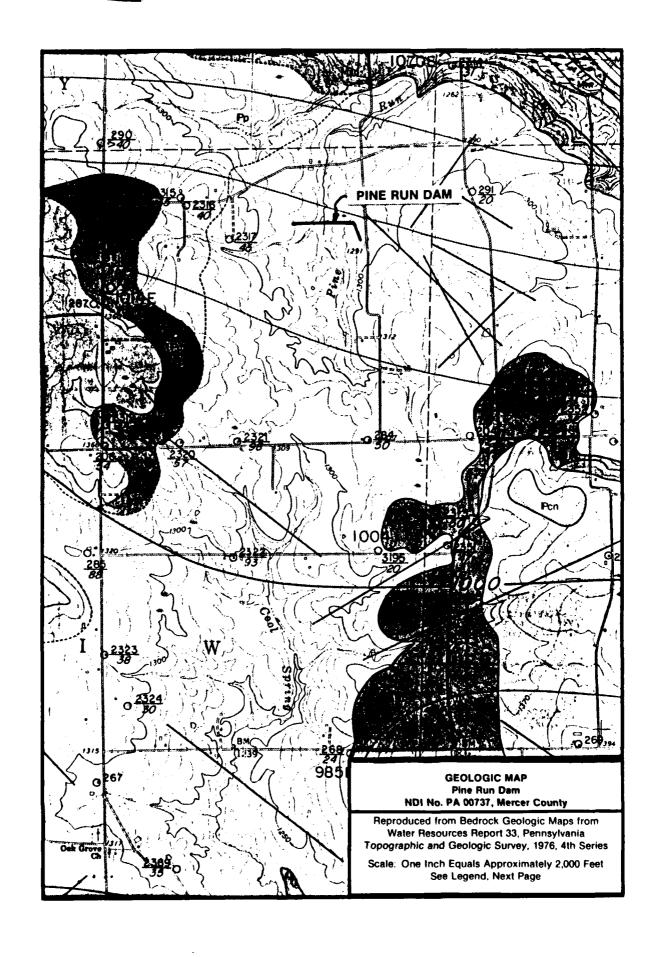
REGIONAL GEOLOGY

PINE RUN DAM NDI No. PA 00737, PennDER No. 43-55, SCS No. PA 491

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

Bedrock units beneath Pine Run Dam are relatively flat-lying members of the Connoquenessing Formation, Pottsville Group, Pennsylvanian System. This formation consists of medium to fine-grained sandstone with lenses of dark gray shale. Geologic references show numerous fracture traces to the east of the dam and reservoir; however, none are shown at the dam or reservoir. The bedrock is shown to be dipping at approximately 40 feet per mile to the north. No bedrock was encountered in the borings drilled for design of the dam (maximum depth of the borings was 21 feet).

This section of the Appalachian Plateaus Physiographic Province has been glaciated, resulting in deposits of glacial till (Kent Till - ground moraine) of an undetermined thickness at the site. The borings indicated a wide range of classifications of soils and that the groundwater level was near the ground surface (0 to 1.8 feet below the top of the borings). The geologic map and legend on the following pages show the relationship of the dam to the regional geology.



Pottsville Group

LEGEND

₽h

HOMEWOOD FORMATION

Coarse- to fine-grained sandstone and some shale. Yields small to moderate quantities of water.



MERCER FORMATION

Mostly dark-gray shale, but contains thin beds of coal and limestone and lenses of sandstone. Generally unimportant as an aquifer, but locally yields may be sufficient for domestic and stock use.

Pco

CONNOQUENESSING FORMATION

Medium- to fine-grained gray sandstone containing lenses of dark-gray shale and discontinuous beds of Quakertown coal. Yields moderate quantities of water that is locally high in iron content.

Pp

POTTSVILLE UNDIFFERENTIATED

Sandstones, possibly containing some relatively thick beds of shale; correlation with Connoquenessing, Mercer, and Homewood Formations uncertain. Unimportant as an aquifer.



SHENANGO FORMATION

The upper member (Msu) is composed of soft medium- to dark-gray shale with interbeds of siltstone and lenses of fine-grained sandstone. Unimportant as un aquifer. The lower member (Msi) is composed of medium-to fine-grained light-gray sandstone and medium- to dark-gray shale and siltstone. Yields moderate to large quantities of water that is locally high in iron content at shallow depths.

